

## 四川唐松草属三新种

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**摘要** 描述了自四川西部发现的毛茛科唐松草属三新种,康定唐松草、细茎唐松草和九龙唐松草,并给出其与近缘种的区别特征。

**关键词** 毛茛科 唐松草属 新种 四川

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## Three new species of *Thalictrum* (Ranunculaceae) from Sichuan Province

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**Abstract** Three species of the genus *Thalictrum* (Ranunculaceae), *T. kangdingense*, *T. tenuicaule* and *T. jiulongenseare* described as new from western Sichuan Province. The diagnostic differences between them and their allies are given respectively.

**Key words** Ranunculaceae, *Thalictrum*, new species, Sichuan

同事朱相云、张树仁、杨永诸先生带领他们的学生于2018年春至秋季到四川横断山区的康定、泸定和九龙3个县,考察那里丰富、复杂的植物区系,采集了大量植物标本。最近,我在鉴定其中毛茛科植物标本的过程中,发现上述3个县各有一唐松草属新种,下面予以描述。

### 康定唐松草 图1

***Thalictrum kangdingense* W. T. Wang, sp. nov. Fig. 1**

(Sect. *Leptostigma* B. Boivin)

Ob herbam totam glabram, staminum filamenta tenuiter clavata et carpellorum stylos uncinatos species nova haec est affinis *T. xinningsi* W. T. Wang, a quo foliolis conspicue 3-lobatis, thyrsis minoribus ca. 3.5 cm longis, sepalis anguste obovatis apice acutis, flore staminibus ca. 11 praedito differt. In *T. xinningsi*, foliola indivisa vel inconspicue 3-lobulata, thyrsi majores 6–10 cm longi, sepala anguste

elliptica apice obtusa, et flos staminibus ca. 30 praeditus est.

Herbs perennial, ca. 1.2 m tall, totally glabrous. Stems above branched. Upper cauline leaves 2–3-ternate, shortly petiolate; blades broadly ovate, 6.0–8.0 cm long, 6.0–10 cm broad; leaflets petiolulate, papery, broad-rhombic, broad-ovate, ovate or obovate, 1.5–3.0 cm long, 1.2–3.2 cm broad, at base rounded or truncate, 3-lobed, central lobe obtusely 3-lobulate or 3-dentate, lateral lobes broad-ovate, below 1-lobulate or undivided; nerves adaxially nearly flat, abaxially slightly prominent; petiolules 0.1–1.8 cm long; petioles 0.5–2.5 cm long. Thyrases terminal and axillary, ca. 3.5 cm long, 8.0–15-flowered; peduncles slender, 4.0–11.5 cm long; lower bracts 3-sect or 3-lobed, 5.0–7.0 mm long, upper bracts undivided, linear or subulate, 0.8–1.5 mm long; pedicels filiform, 1.5–10 mm long. Flower: Spals 3, narrow-obovate, 2.0–2.2

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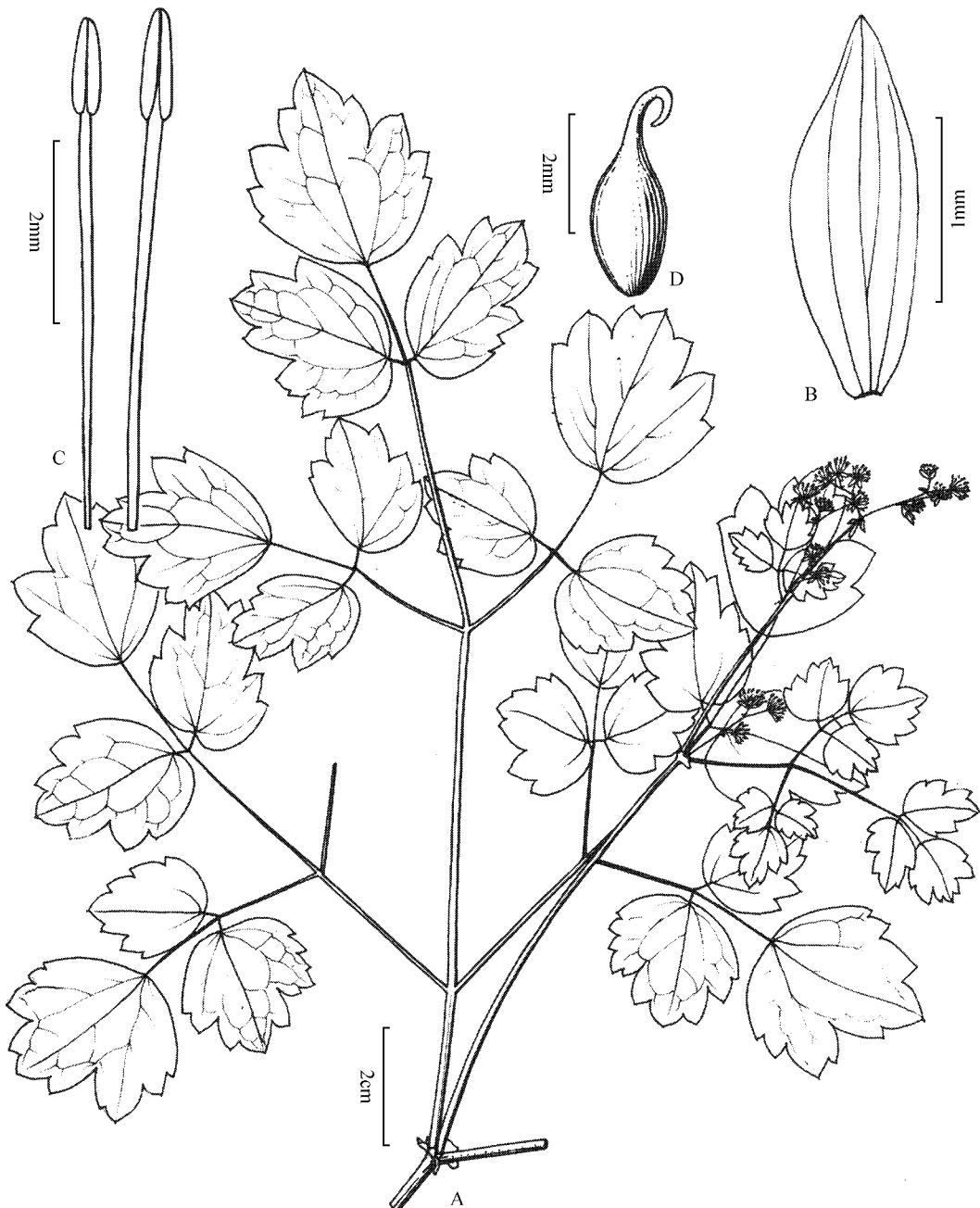


图1 康定唐松草 A. 上部茎生叶和腋生聚伞圆锥花序 B. 萼片 C. 二雄蕊 D. 心皮

Fig. 1 *Thalictrum kangdingense* 1. Upper caudine leaf and axillary thyrs; B. Sepal; C. Two stamens; D. Carpels (from holotype)

mm long, 1 mm broad, apex shortly acuminate; each sepal with 3 basal nerves (midrib once dichotomizing, and 2 lateral nerves simple). Stamens ca. 11; filaments 4.0–4.5 mm long, above oblanceolate-linear, narrower than anther, below filiform; anthers oblong, 1.0–1.2 mm long, 0.5 mm broad, apex obtuse. Carpels 4.0–6.0; ovaries ellipsoid, ca. 2.5

mm long, 1.2 mm broad; styles ca. 1.5 mm long, above hooked.

四川(Sichuan):康定县,巴王海(Kangding Xian, Bawanghai), alt. 3137 m, 林下(in forest), 2018-07-17, 朱相云,蒋勇,祖奎玲,张若鹏(X. Y. Zhu, Y. Jiang, K. L. Zu & R. P. Zhang) GG226 (holotype, PE 02293701).

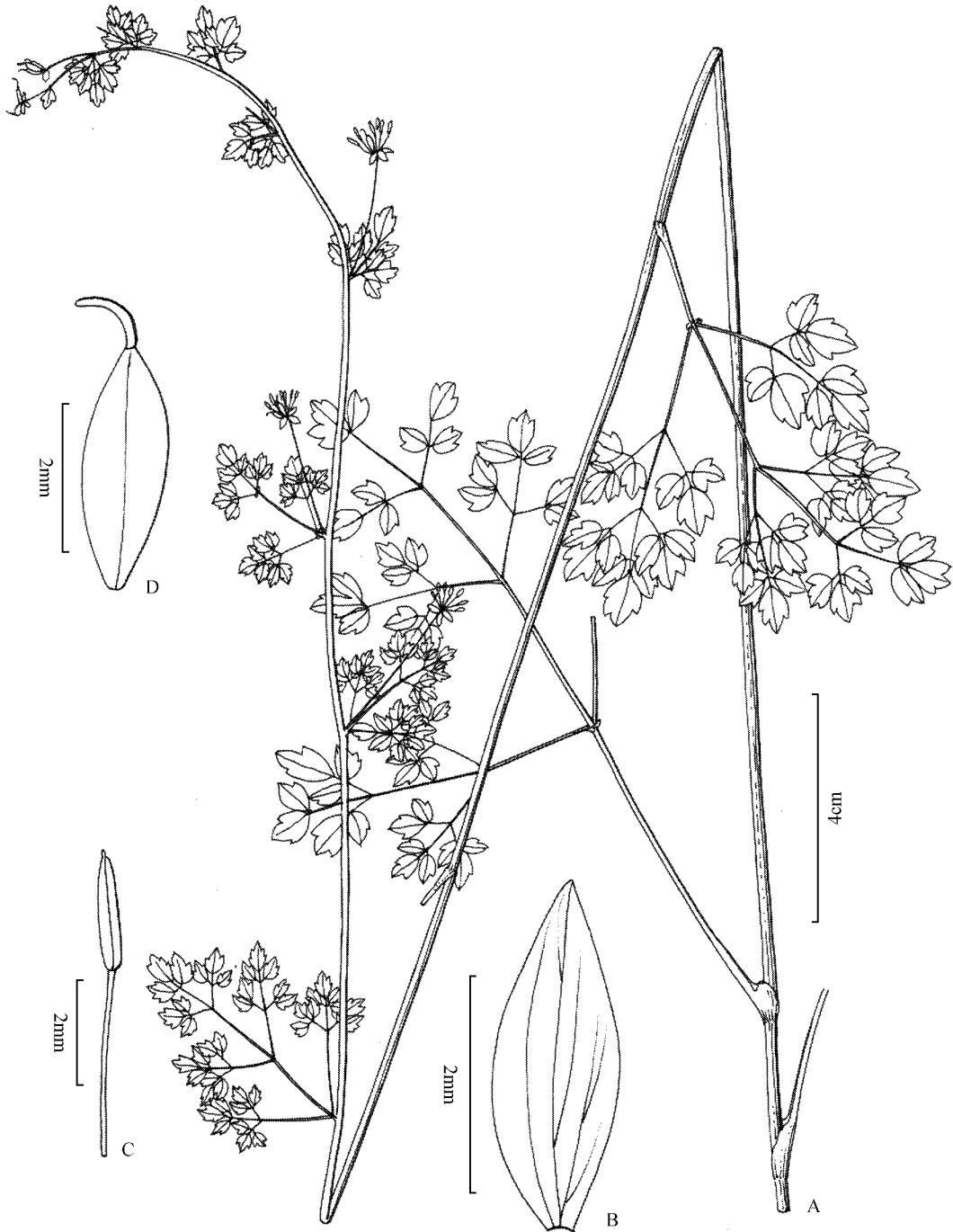


图2 细茎唐松草 A. 植株全形 B. 萼片 C. 雄蕊 D. 心皮

Fig. 2 *Thalictrum tenuicaule* A. Habit ; B. Sepal ; C. Stamen ; D. Carpel (from holotype )

本种植株全部无毛，雄蕊花丝细棒状，心皮花柱钩状弯曲，因此与具上述形态特征的新宁唐松草 (*T. xinningsense* W. T. Wang) 在亲缘关系上相近，与后者的区别在于本种的小叶明显3浅裂，聚伞圆锥花序较小，长3.5 cm，萼片狭倒卵形，顶端急尖，花具约11枚雄蕊。在新宁唐松草，小叶不分裂或不明显3微裂，聚伞圆锥花序较大，长6.0~10

cm，萼片狭椭圆形，顶端钝，花具约30枚雄蕊<sup>[1]</sup>。

### 细茎唐松草 图2

*Thalictrum tenuicaule* W. T. Wang, sp. nov.  
Fig. 2

[Sect. *Rutifolia* (Prantl) W. T. Wang]

Habitus species nova haec est simillima *T. jilon-*

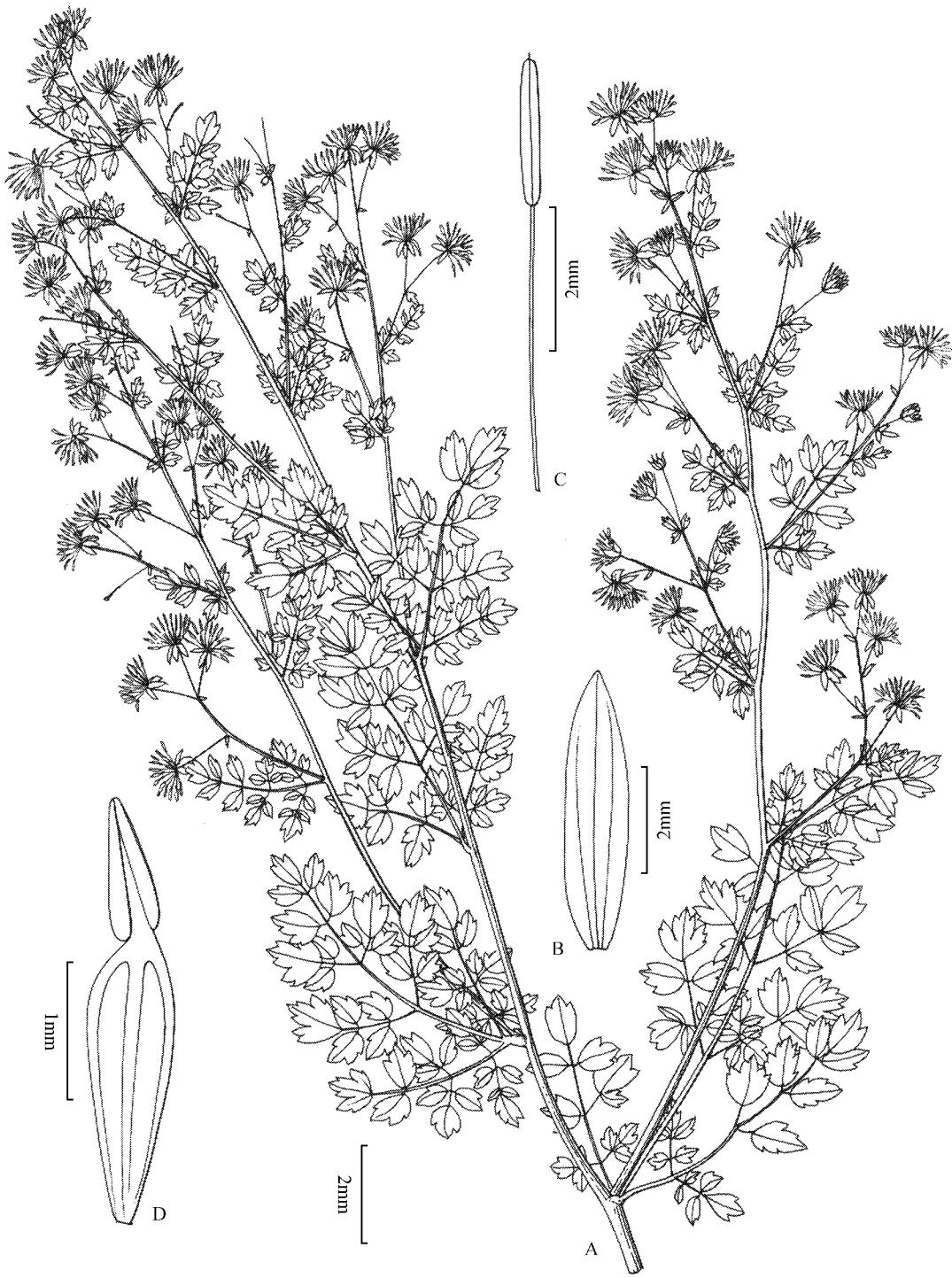


图3 九龙唐松草 A. 开花植株上部 B. 萎片 C. 雄蕊 D. 心皮

Fig. 3 *Thalictrum jiulongense* A. Upper part of flowering plant ; B. Sepal ; C. Stamen ; D. Carpel (from holotype )

gensi W. T. Wang , a quo monochasiis tantum 2.0 – 4.0-floris , sepali nervis basalibus tribus omnibus semel dichotomo-ramificantibus , antheris apice mucronatis , ovariis utrinque longitudinaliter 1-nervibus , stigmatibus haud alatis distinguitur. In *T. jilongensi* , monochasia 10-flora , sepali nervi basales tres omnes

simplices , antherae apice haud mucronatae , ovaria nervis parentia , stigmata utrinque anguste alata sunt.

Herbs perennial , ca. 65 cm tall , totally glabrous. Stems slender , above base 2 mm across , simple , ca. 4-leaved. Basal leaf 1 , with lowermost caulinare leaf 3-ternate and long petiolate ; blades 4.0 –

6.0 cm long, below 5.0–7.0 cm broad; leaflets thinly papery, obovate, broad-rhombic or broad-elliptic, 0.6–1.2 cm long, 0.5–1 cm broad, at base rounded or broadly cuneate, 2.0–3.0-lobulate, 2.0–3.0-lobed or 2–3-dentate, with flat inconspicuous nerves; petiolules 0.5–5.0 mm long; petioles 4.0–5.5 cm long. Monochasia terminal, 2–10 cm long, 2–4-flowered; bracts similar to upper caudine leaves, 0.7–2 cm long; pedicels filiform, 0.8–2.5 cm long. Flower: Sepals 4, greenish-white, elliptic, ca. 3.0 mm long, 1.5–2.0 mm broad; each sepal with 3 once dichotomizing basal nerves. Stamens 6–9; filaments filiform, ca. 4 mm long; anthers narrow-oblong, ca. 2.2 mm long, 0.4 mm broad, apex mucronate, with mucrones 0.25–1.4 mm long. Carpels 2–3; ovaries bilaterally compressed, narrow-elliptic, ca. 3 mm long, 1.2 mm broad, longitudinally 1-nerved; styles subulate, ca. 1.2 mm long, abaxially with thin stigmatic tissue.

**四川( Sichuan )**:泸定县,海螺沟,4号营地(Luding Xian, Hailuogou, camp no. 4) alt. 3 715 m,高山草甸(on alpine meadow), 2018-07-15, 杨永, 李海文, 杨智, 王宇(Y. Yang, H. W. Li, Z. Yang & Y. Wang) GGS181(holotype, PE, 条形码号02293705, 副模PE 02293702)。

本种在体态上与吉隆唐松草(*T. jilongense* W. T. Wang)极为相似,与后者的区别在于本种的单岐聚散花序只有2~4花,萼片的3条基出脉均1回二岐分枝,花药顶端具小尖头,子房两侧各有1条纵脉,柱头无翅。在吉隆唐松草,单岐聚伞花序有10花,萼片的3条基出脉均不分枝,花药顶端不具小尖头,子房无脉,柱头两侧各有1狭翅<sup>[1]</sup>。

### 九龙唐松草 图3

#### ***Thalictrum jiulongense* W. T. Wang, sp. nov.**

Fig. 3

(Sect. *Thalictrum*)

Species nova haec est arcte affinis *T. minori* L., a quo sepalis anguste oblongis, stigmatibus longioribus anguste triangularibus 1 mm longis et 0.4 mm latis utrinque anguste alatis praeclare recedit. In *T. minori*, sepalum ellipticum, et stigmata breviora deltoidea 0.5 mm longa et 0.6 mm lata utrinque late alata sunt.

Herbs perennial, ca. 65 cm tall, totally gla-

brous. Stems above base 5 mm across, above 4-branched, 4-leaved. Central caudine leaves 3–4-ternate, shortly petiolate; blades ca. 9 cm long, below 6 cm broad; leaflets chartaceous, broad-rhombic, obovate or obliquely elliptic, 0.5–1.2 cm long, 0.4–1.2 cm broad, at base usually broadly cuneate, 3-lobed (lobes 1-3-dentate or entire) or 3-dentate, with nerves adaxially slightly impressed and abaxially prominent; petiolules 0.1–1.5 cm long; petioles ca. 1 cm long. Thyrses terminal, 10–14 cm long, below 5–8 cm broad, densely many-flowered; bracts foliaceous; pedicels filiform, 0.6–3.0 cm long. Flower: Sepals 4, whitish, narrow-oblong, ca. 5 mm long, 1.5 mm broad, at apex acute; each sepal with 3 simple basal nerves. Stamens ca. 15; filaments filiform, (2–)5–6 mm long; anthers narrow-oblong, 3.2–3.5 mm long, 0.6–0.8 mm broad, apex minutely mucronate, with mucrones ca. 0.1 mm long. Carpels ca. 6; ovaries bilaterally compressed, obovate, ca. 2 mm long, 0.7 mm broad, on each side inconspicuously and longitudinally 1-nerved; styles ca. 1 mm long; stigmas narrow-triangular, ca. 1 mm long, on each side with a narrow wing ca. 0.2 mm broad.

**四川( Sichuan )**:九龙县,纳布厂,磨子沟(Jiu-long Xian, Nabuchang, Mozigou) alt. 3 836 m, 山坡(on slope), 2018-07-20, 张树仁, 杨杰, 张薇(S. R. Zhang, J. Yang & W. Zhang) GGS10362(holotype, PE, 条形码号02293703)。

本种与亚欧唐松草(*T. minus* L.)在亲缘关系上颇为相近,与后者的区别在于本种的萼片呈狭长圆形,柱头较长,呈狭三角形,长1.0 mm,宽0.4 mm,在两侧各有1条狭翅。在欧亚唐松草,萼片呈椭圆形,柱头较短,呈正三角形,长0.5 mm,宽0.6 mm,在两侧各有1条宽翅<sup>[1]</sup>。

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